

# Focal Point<sup>®</sup>

## Custom Chart Plugin Reference Manual

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# Contents

<b>1 Focal Point Custom Chart Plugin Reference</b>	<b>5</b>
Introduction	5
Overview Diagram	5
Configuration	6
Examples	6
Steps to create a script for Chart Plugin	6
Step 1 Create a base script	6
Step 2 Create an add-on script (optional step)	7
Step 3 Add CSS, JPEG or JS Files	7
Step 4 Create the Plugin	8
Steps to upload a Custom Chart Plugin	8
Step 1 Go to the Configure Plugin page	8
Step 2 Download the sample Chart Policy	9
Step 3 Unzip the file SampleChartPolicy.zip	9
Step 4 Import the sample workspace (optional step)	10
Step 5 Upload the Plugins	10
Step 6 Configure the plugin on the home page	12
Step 7 Configure the plugin on the Homepage for XSLT plugin	14
Step 8 Configure the plugin on a view page	15
CUSDATA/DAO object	16
CUSDATA API Information	17
getAttribidFromName	17
getAttribNameFromId	17
getAttrNamesFromDAO	17
getBasicFpDataUrl	18
getCurrentPluginId	18
getCustomFpDataUrl	18
getData	19
getFPRestData	20
getPref	20
getPrefData	20
postPrefData	21
resize	21
savePref	21

transform	22
Data types	22
ID	22
Workspace	23
View	23
Element	23
Attribute	23
AttributeValue	23
AttributeSetup	25
ElementSet	25
AttributeType	25
AttributeSetupInfo	26
ChoiceSetup	26
ChoiceSetupItem	26
ViewInfo	26
HistoryEntry	26

# 1 Focal Point Custom Chart Plugin Reference

---

## Introduction

Data visualization capabilities that are included in Focal Point help you to make value-based decisions in the field of Portfolio Management and Product Management. You can also use the 'Custom Chart Plugin' capability to develop and add your own unique charting/reporting capabilities as plugins.

This document describes the API and the Usage guide of 'Custom Chart Plugin' for Focal Point version 7.1.2 and later.

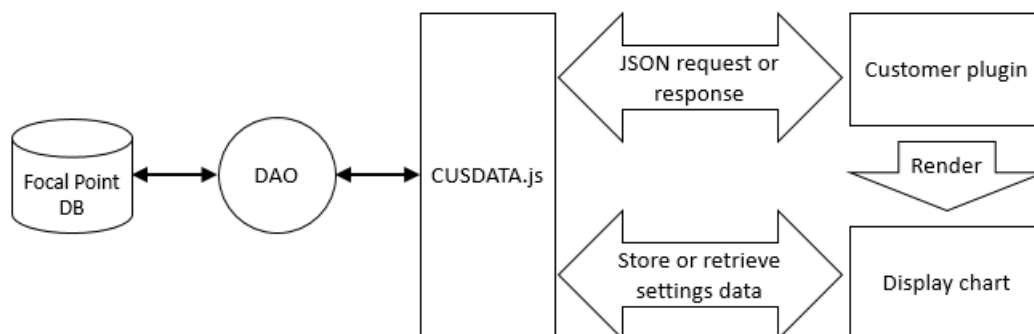
The Focal Point Chart plugin is based on the Focal Point REST services. The purpose is to provide access to Focal Point data and services and facilitate the display of the data in the form of visualization charts and reports on home pages and view pages.

To use the Focal Chart plugin and understand this document, you should be familiar with the Focal Point REST Services, Java Script, and JSON/XML data standards and have basic understanding of the Focal Point data model, usage, and administration.

---

## Overview Diagram

The following diagram gives an overview of the processes involved in configuring a custom chart or report plugin for a view or home page.



The DAO (Data Access Object) contains information about the workspace, views, attributes, and so on. CUSDATA.js a script that contains all utility functions and JS APIs. For more information, see '[CUSDATA/DAO object](#)' on page 16 and '[CUSDATA API Information](#)' on page 17.

---

## Configuration

As an Admin, you can upload the Custom Chart plugin in the **Applications > Plugins** settings and then configure home page settings and view settings.

Charts and reports can be created by using any of the freely available data visualization libraries such as D3, Dimple, Plotly and XSLT.

The Focal Point JavaScript API, which is provided for the development of the Custom Chart plugin, provides access to the following services:

- Retrieve attribute names and types available in a view
- Retrieve data in JSON format using the Focal Point REST API
- Retrieve user settings from Focal Point and save back to database

---

## Examples

Code examples for Custom Chart plugins in Focal Point can be found in the download link provided in **Administration > Application > Plugin** page.

The examples provided can be used as the basis for custom chart development.

---

# Steps to create a script for Chart Plugin

---

## Step 1 Create a base script

The path to the script has two parts; one is fixed and the other is a relative path to the script file.

The fixed path (same for all plugins) is one of the following paths:

- For homepage plugins: `fpone/plugins/homepage/`
- For view plugins: `fpone/plugins/view/`

The relative path to script (different for each plugin) is in the following form:

```
<DIR PATH>/<scriptfilename>
```

The complete path is the fixed path concatenated with the relative path.

For example:

```
fpone/plugins/view/MYDIR/main
```

The base script file (`main.js`) has the following structure.

```
define("fpone/plugins/view/MYDIR/main", [
    "dojo/ready"
    ], function(ready) {
function main(CUSDATA) {
}
    return main;
});
```

---

## Step 2 Create an add-on script (optional step)

The following step is optional, and is only required if you want to add another script to the base script.

First create a script in AMD format which would look like the following example.

**Note** For view type plugin, the PATH would be: fpone/plugins/view/MYDIR/lib

The Relative PATH to the script is: MYDIR/lib/addon.js

```
define("fpone/plugins/view/MYDIR/lib", [], function() {
var Refresh = {};
//User defined functions
Refresh.fullDoc = function(target) {
    //user code
}
    return Refresh;
});
```

Next, to add this script to the base script, modify the base script file (`main.js`) to have the following structure.

```
define("fpone/plugins/homepage/MYDIR/main", [
    "dojo/ready",
    "fpone/plugins/homepage/MYDIR/lib/addon"
    ], function(ready, Refresh) {

function main(CUSDATA) {
    //Call your methods of addon
    //For eg
    Refresh.fullDoc();
}
    return main;
});
```

---

## Step 3 Add CSS, JPEG or JS Files

To add CSS, JPEG or JS Files, create a directory structure to keep these files.

For example:

```
MYDIR/LIB/  
MYDIR/CSS/main.css  
MYDIR/IMG/clip.png  
MYDIR/JS/chart.js
```

In the HTML files just replace the `pluginBasePath` available with the `CUSDATA` object.

If you are using XSL files, use the following method:

Use the following replacement text:

For namespace URL use `@@FPNAMESPACE@@`

For example:

```
xmlns:ns="@@FPNAMESPACE@@"
```

For path to custom script files use `@@BASEPATH@@`

For example:

```
<link rel="stylesheet" type="text/css" href="@@BASEPATH@@XSLT/css/util.css"  
>
```

```
<script type="text/javascript"  
src="@@BASEPATH@@XSLT/lib/jquery.js"></script>
```

**Note** Refer to the sample XSL file in the XSLT zip folder (`demoxslt.xml`).

**Note** If there is a single CSS file, then name the CSS file the same as the base script file and it will be automatically picked up. For example, if the base filename is `main.js` then name the CSS filename as `main.css`. In this case the CSS file should be present in the same directory as that of the base script file.

---

## Step 4 Create the Plugin

The final step is to create a zip file of the directory `MYDIR` and upload it as a plugin.

---

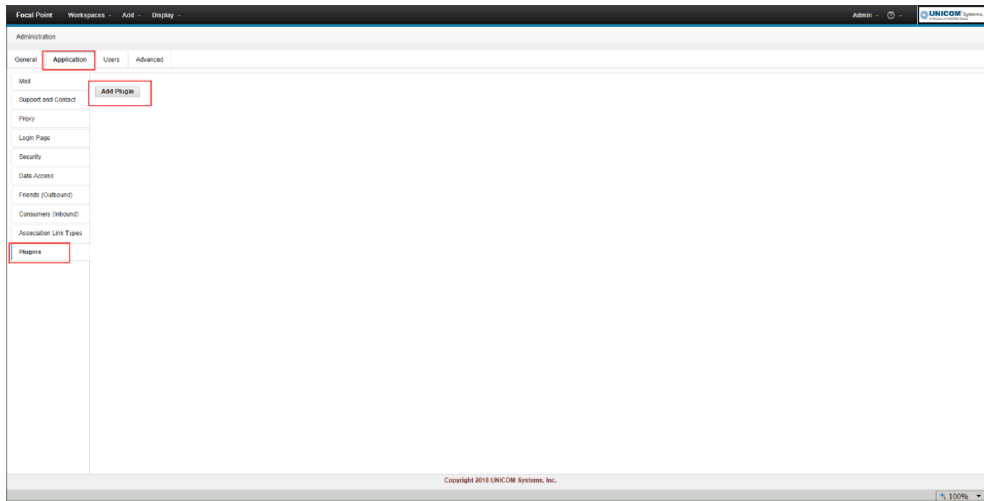
# Steps to upload a Custom Chart Plugin

---

## Step 1 Go to the Configure Plugin page

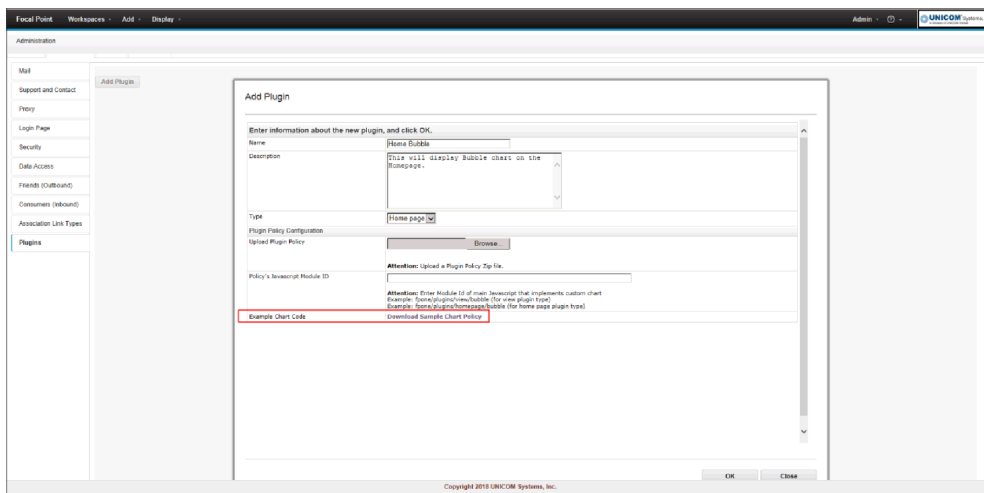
Login as Admin and go to **Administration > Application Tab > Plugins** and then click **Add Plugin**.





## Step 2 Download the sample Chart Policy

When the Plugin form is displayed, click on the link **Download Sample Chart Policy**.



## Step 3 Unzip the file SampleChartPolicy.zip

Unzip the file `SampleChartPolicy.zip` to display the contents.

Name ^	Date modified	Type	Size
JavaScriptAPIDoc	27-04-2018 18:36	File folder	
Bubble1.zip	02-02-2018 15:17	KuaiZip ZIP Archive ...	74 KB
Bubble2.zip	02-02-2018 15:18	KuaiZip ZIP Archive ...	376 KB
CustomPluginChartUsageguide.txt	13-03-2018 17:18	Text Document	9 KB
Rational_Focal_Point_RESTful_API_Referen...	27-04-2018 18:08	PDF File	204 KB
readme.txt	27-04-2018 18:04	Text Document	4 KB
XSLT_DEMO_WORKSPACE .fpz	27-03-2018 21:19	FPZ File	1,053 KB
XsltTransform.zip	26-04-2018 18:57	KuaiZip ZIP Archive ...	17 KB

## Step 4 Import the sample workspace (optional step)

**Note** This step is optional and is needed only if you want to deploy the XSLTdemo plugin.

Login as Admin and import the sample workspace `XSLT_DEMO_WORKSPACE.fpz` file.

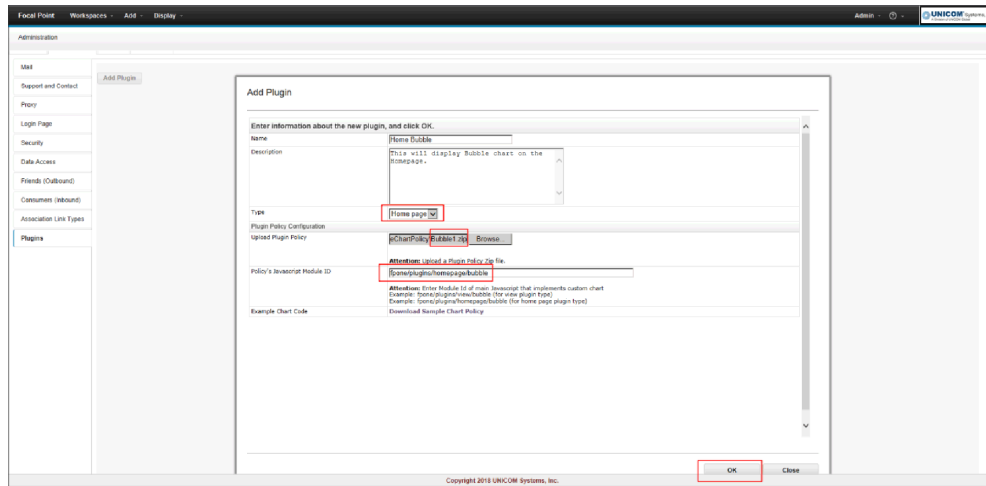
## Step 5 Upload the Plugins

Now proceed to fill the **Add Plugin** Form with all the necessary plugin information as shown in the following steps:

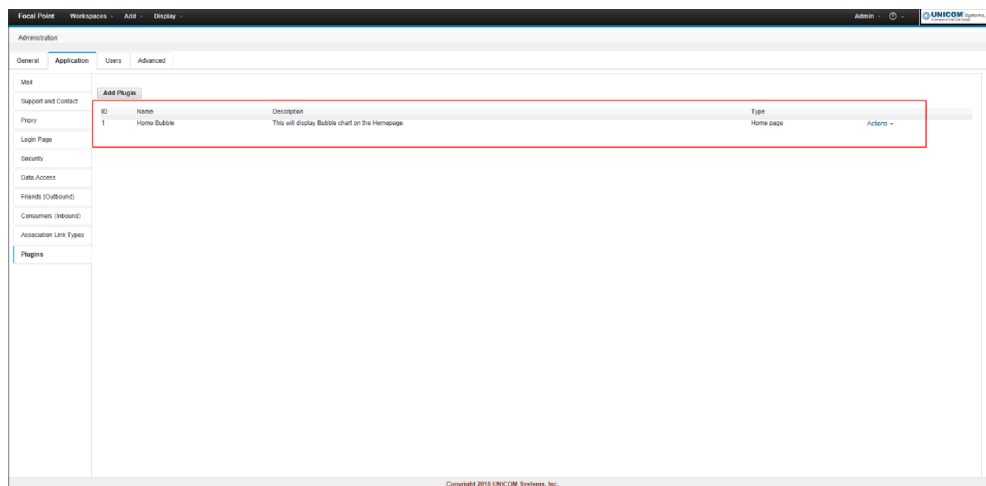
### Upload Plugin 1

To display a bubble chart on the home page, select `Bubble1.zip` file against **Upload Plugin Policy**.

Provide 'Policy's Javascript Module ID' as `fpone/plugins/homepage/bubble`. Click on the **OK** button when the setup is complete.



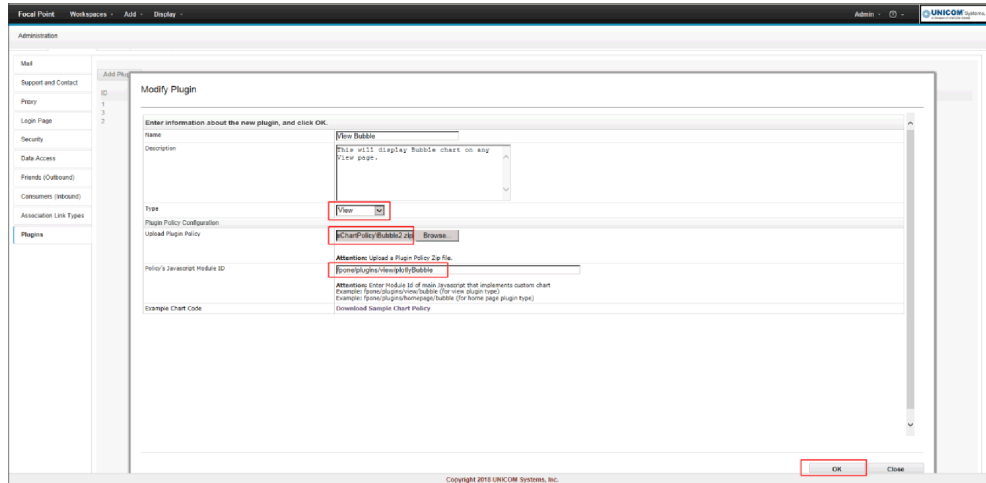
After the upload process is successful, the "Plugins" page displays an entry as shown in the following screenshot:



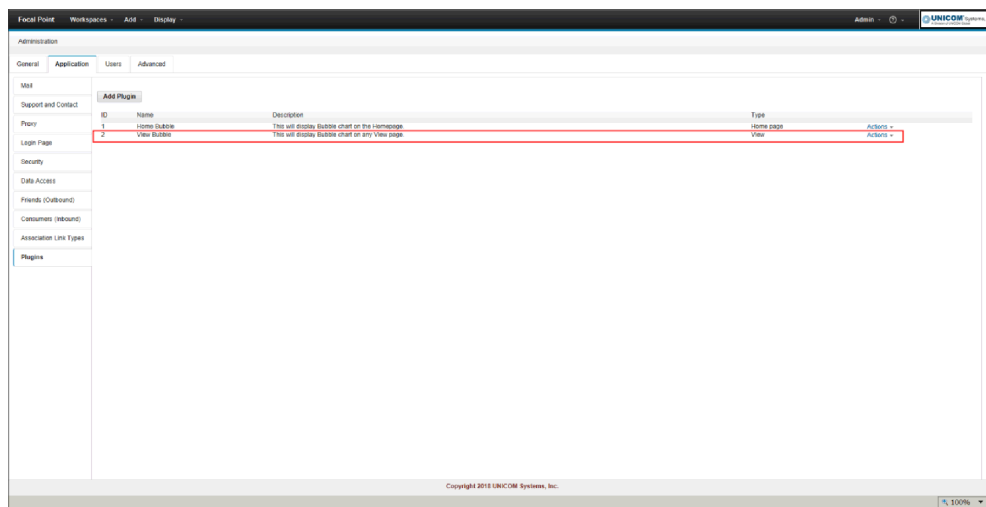
### Upload Plugin 2 (optional step)

To display a bubble chart on a view page, select `Bubble2.zip` file against 'Upload Plugin Policy'. Entry against 'Policy's Javascript Module ID' will be `fpone/plugins/view/plotlyBubble`.

Click on the **OK** button, when the setup is complete.



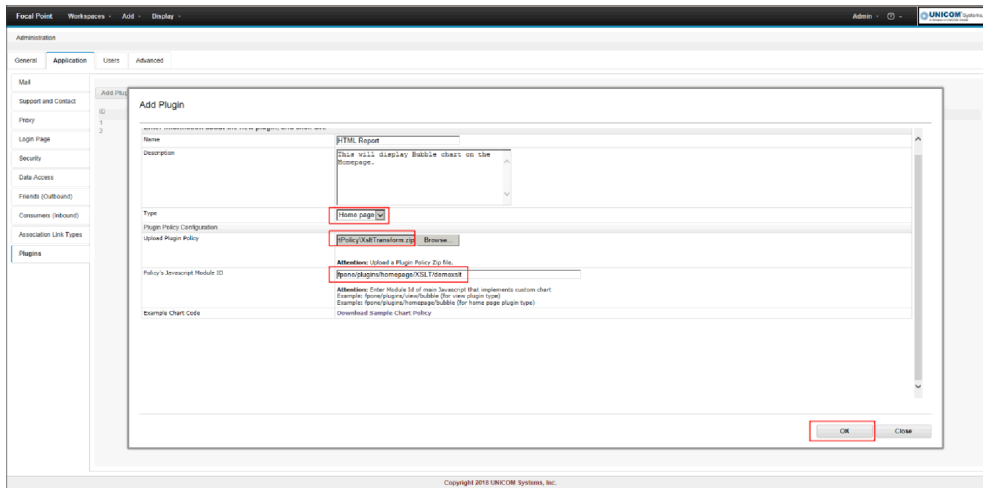
After the upload process is successful, the "Plugins" page displays an entry as shown in the following screenshot:



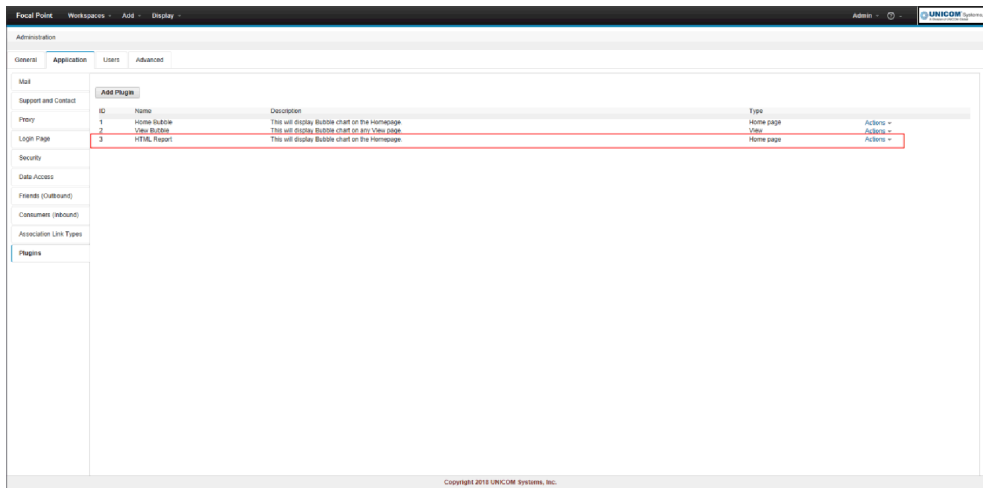
### Upload Plugin 3 (optional step)

For displaying a HTML report on the home Page, select `XslTransform.zip` file against **Upload Plugin Policy**. Provide the value `fpone/plugins/homepage/XSLT/demoxslt` against 'Policy's Javascript Module ID'.

Click on the **OK** button, when the setup is complete.



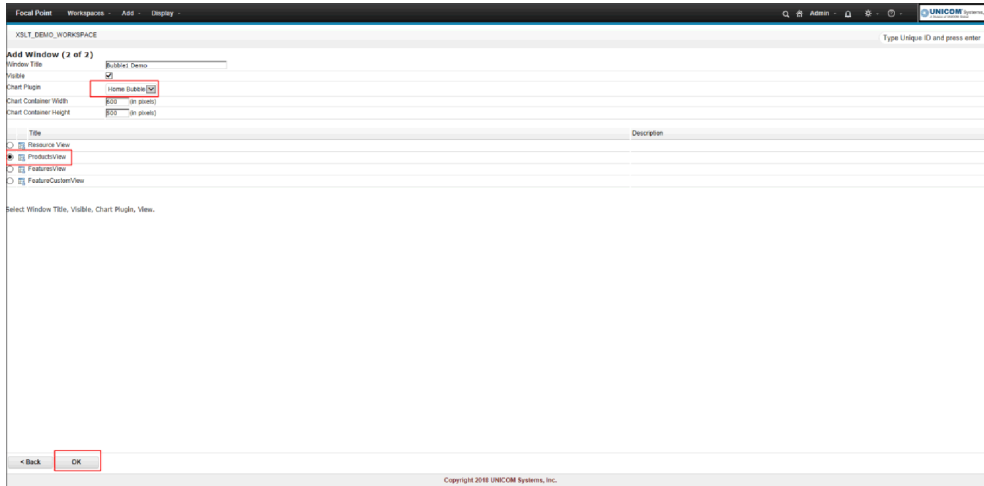
After the upload process is successful, the “Plugins” page displays an entry as shown in the following screenshot:



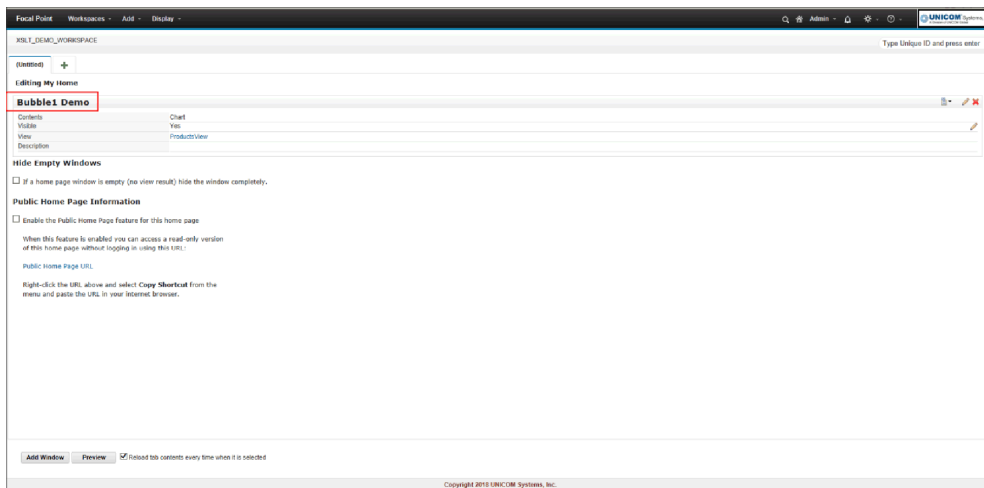
## Step 6 Configure the plugin on the home page

Open **XSLT DEMO WORKSPACE**, go to **Homepage Settings > Add window** and click on the **Chart** option. The Add window form will be displayed.

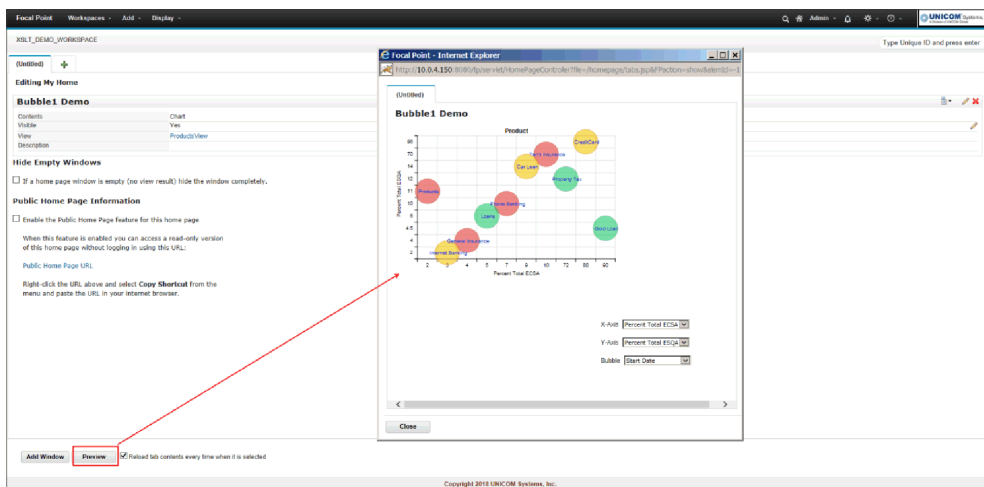
Proceed by filling in the necessary details like Window title, Chart Plugin and View.



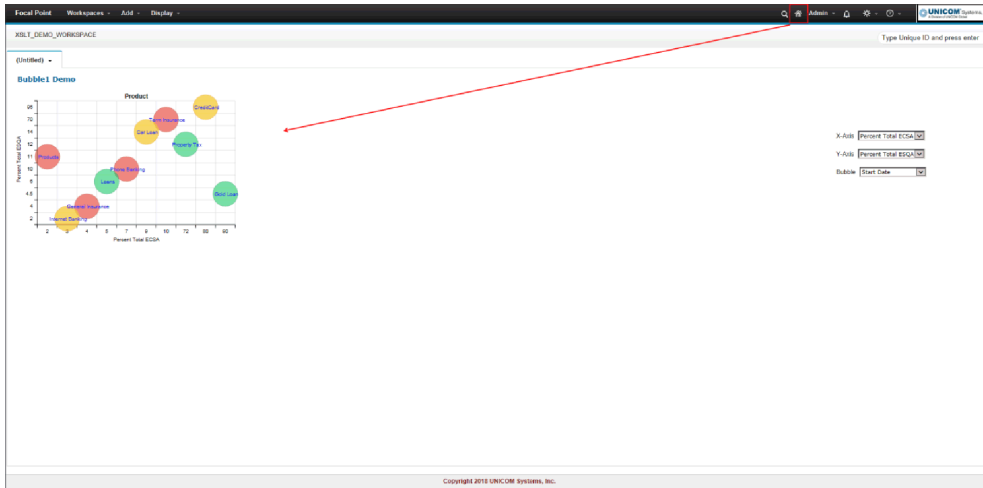
On clicking the **OK** button, the following page is displayed.



Click on the **Preview** button to see the chart being displayed.



Click on the Home icon to see the home page.



Change the values on X-axis, Y-Axis and bubble to see the changes being applied to the chart.

## Step 7 Configure the plugin on the Homepage for XSLT plugin

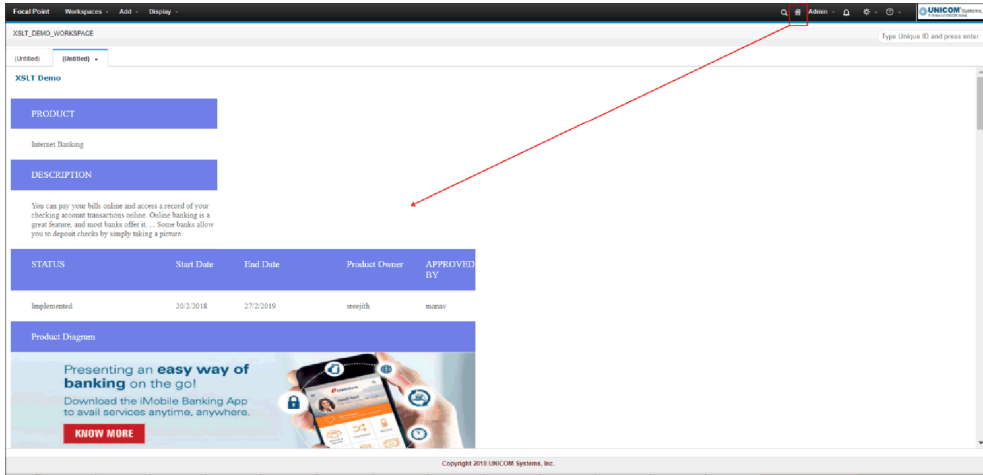
Open the **XSLT DEMO WORKSPACE**, go to **Homepage Settings > Add window** and click on the **Chart** option. The Add window form will be displayed.

Proceed by filling in the necessary details like Window title, Chart Plugin, and View. Set the height=5000 and width=900.

Click on the **OK** button.

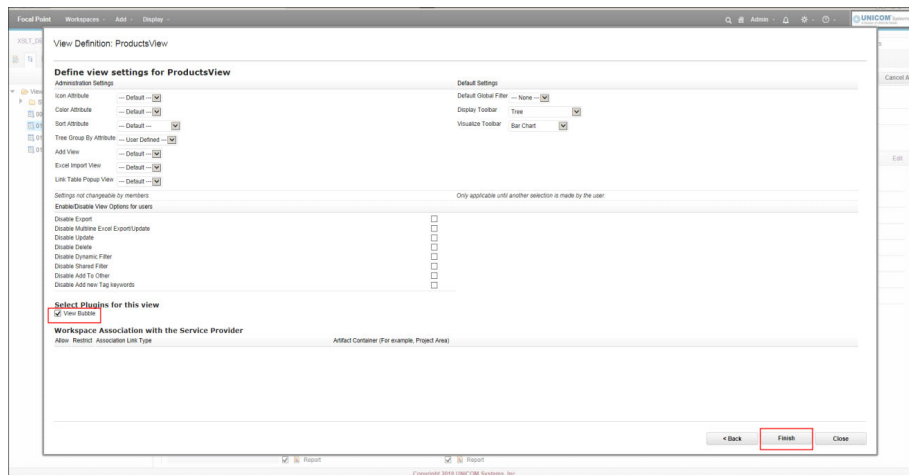
Click on the **Preview** button to see the chart being displayed.

Click on the Home icon to see the Home Page.

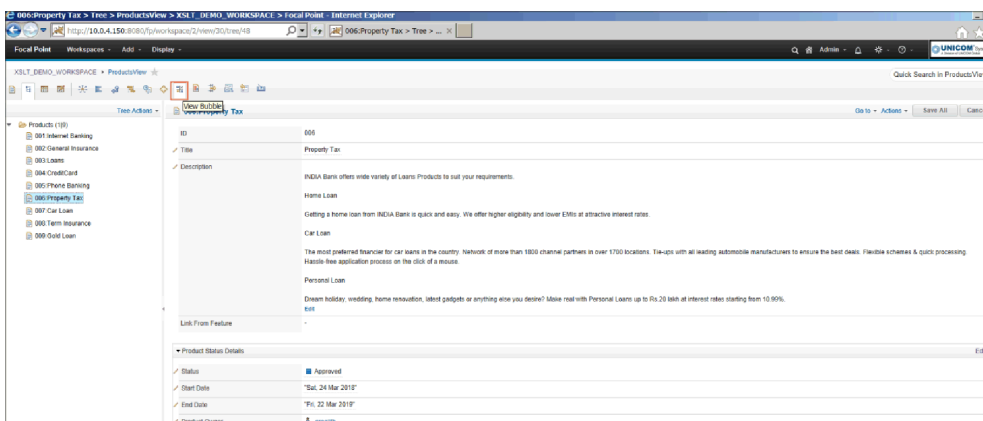


## Step 8 Configure the plugin on a view page

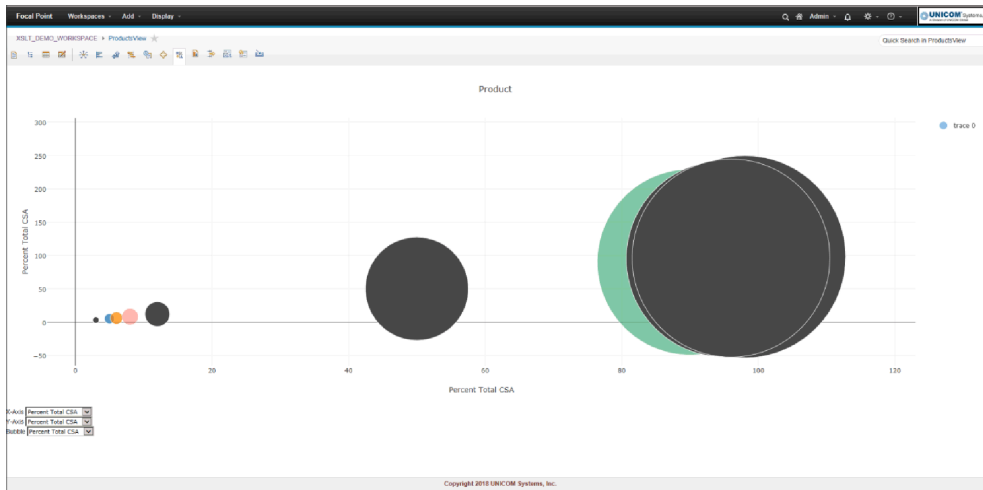
Go to Configure views, select any view and Edit the view definition and click **Next** twice to reach the Define view settings page. Select **Plugins for this view** by selecting the checkboxes for appropriate plugin and click **Finish** as shown in the following screenshot.



Now go to Display View and select the view, and click on the icon to display the chart on the view Page, as shown in the following screenshot.



On click, the following chart is displayed.



## CUSDATA/DAO object

This section provides information about the values present in the CUSDATA/DAO object. Some of the useful information in the CUSDATA object is shown in the following code.

The DAO object in custom script can be accessed by using **JSON Object > CUSDATA.dao**.

```
{
  "dao": {
    "activeFilterId": -1,
    "moduleNamePlur": "Products",
    "viewId": 30,
    "fpresourceUrl": "http://10.0.4.150:8080/fp/resources",
    "ncModuleNamePlur": "Products",
    "moduleName": "Product",
    "treeElement": 48,
    "attrsInfo": [],
    "ncModuleName": "Product",
    "moduleId": 13,
    "userId": "13",
    "workspaceId": 2,
    "divId": "fp-maincontainer"
  },
  "basicFpDataUrl": "http://10.0.4.150:8080/fp/resources/workspaces/2/modules/13/elements/?view=30&includeAttributes=true&optimize=true",
  "namespaceFPUrl": "http://10.0.4.150:8080/fp/namespace/workspaces/2/modules/13/views/30/elements",
  "attrNames": [],
  "attrTypes": [],
  "attrRealNames": [],
  "attrIds": [],
  "pluginBasePath": "../../../one/js/modules/plugins/view/"
}
```



**Note** The Attribute Info array contains array length() equal to the number of attributes in the module.

---

## CUSDATA API Information

Open the `JavaScriptAPIDoc` folder unzipped from `SampleChartPolicy.zip`. Open the `index.html` File in Browser and all methods could be browsed in detail. Some of the common methods are given in the following sections.

---

### getAttribIdFromName

**Usage:** `getAttribIdFromName (attribName) > {String}`

Returns the attribute Id for a given Attribute Name.

Parameters:

Name	Type	Description
<code>attribName</code>	String	Attribute name.

Returns:

`attribId` - Attribute ID

Type: String

---

### getAttribNameFromId

**Usage:** `getAttribNameFromId (attribId) > {String}`

Returns the attribute Name for a given Attribute Id.

Parameters:

Name	Type	Description
<code>attribId</code>	String	Attribute ID.

Returns:

`attribName` - Attribute Name

Type: String

---

### getAttrNamesFromDAO

**Usage:** `getAttrNamesFromDAO (types) > {Array}`

Finds the attribute names based upon the types specified. If no types are specified, then all 'integer' and 'float' attributes are retrieved.

Parameters:

Name	Type	Description
Types	Array	Array of type of attributes specified to prepare the attribute list.

Returns:

keys - Array of names of attributes

Type: Array

---

## getBasicFpDataUrl

**Usage:** `getBasicFpDataUrl() > {String}`

Creates basic URL.

Returns:

Return basic Focal Point DATA URL

Type: String

---

## getCurrentPluginId

**Usage:** `getCurrentPluginId() > {String}`

Returns the plugin id from DAO object.

Returns:

Plugin id

Type: String

---

## getCustomFpDataUrl

**Usage:** `getCustomFpDataUrl(ATTR, conditions) > {String}`

Generates a Focal Point REST URL to retrieve data for the attributes from the view in which the plugin is operating. Users can provide a list of attributes for which data needs to be retrieved. It is also possible to provide attribute conditions so that the elements retrieved from the REST URL are filtered based on these conditions.

Refer to the Focal Point REST API for details on how attribute conditions can be specified. This method returns a Focal Point REST URL after the list of attributes and conditions are added to the base URL obtained through the call `getBasicFpDataUrl()`.

Parameters:

Name	Type	Description
<code>ATTR</code>	Array	Array containing the names of the attributes.
<code>conditions</code>	Array	Array containing the attribute conditions.

Returns:

Returns custom URL

Type: String

---

## getData

**Usage:** `getData(ATTR, conditions, callback) > {Void}`

This method returns the collection of attribute values retrieved from the current view by making a REST call to the URL obtained from the method `getCustomFpDataUrl()`. Users can provide a list of attributes for which data needs to be retrieved.

**Note** Only Integer, Float, Date and Text attributes are supported here.

It is also possible to provide attribute conditions so that the elements retrieved from the REST URL are filtered based on these conditions.

Refer to the Focal Point REST API for details on how attribute conditions can be specified. If the user is looking for the unfiltered response, or is looking for information of attributes other than Integer, Float, Date or Text, then it is recommended to use the method `getFPRestData` which will return the entire response in JSON format.

Parameters:

Name	Type	Description
<code>ATTR</code>	Array	Array containing the names of the attributes.
<code>conditions</code>	Array	Array containing the attribute conditions.
<code>callback</code>	Function	Callback function with chart data.

Returns:

Type: Void

---

## getFPRestData

**Usage:** `getFPRestData(URL, callback, outputFormat) > {Void}`

This method returns data in JSON Object or XML format from any Focal Point REST URL.

**Note** By default the response would be in JSON Format.

User can provide a REST URL as a parameter. To retrieve element and attribute information from the current view in which the plugin is operating, users can pass `@param{basicFpDataUrl}` as defined above. If data needs to be retrieved from any other URL, then users needs to construct the URL accordingly.

Refer to the Focal Point REST API documentation in the help section for details on how a GET URL can be constructed.

Parameters:

Name	Type	Description
URL	String	Focal Point REST URL to fetch DATA.
callback	Function	Callback function with Focal Point REST response data.
outputFormat (optional)	String	Value should be either "json" or "xml". This parameter is optional. If omitted, output would be in JSON Object format.

Returns:

Type: Void

---

## getPref

**Usage:** `getPref() > {Object}`

Retrieves user preference data from window object.

Returns:

User preference data as a JSON object.

Type: Object

---

## getPrefData

**Usage:** `getPrefData(callback) > {Void}`

Retrieves the user preference data from the Focal Point Database.

Parameters:

Name	Type	Description
callback	Function	Callback functions with user preference data as a parameter.

Returns:

Type: Void

---

## postPrefData

**Usage:** `postPrefData(callback) > {Void}`

Saves the user preference data into the Focal Point Database using a HTTP POST call. The data to be saved will be retrieved from the window object using the `getPref()` call. Users should have called `savePref()` to store user preference to the window object before calling this method.

Parameters:

Name	Type	Description
callback (optional)	Function	Callback function to handle the success message from the post call. This parameter is optional.

Returns:

Type: Void

---

## resize

**Usage:** `resize() > {Void}`

Sets the window dimensions for view and home page.

Returns:

Type: Void

---

## savePref

**Usage:** `savePref(JsonSettingsData) > {Void}`

Saves the user preference data into `window.fp` object for further use.

Parameters:

Name	Type	Description
JsonSettingsData	Object	User preference data in JSON format.

Returns:

Type: Void

---

## transform

**Usage:** `transform(xmlData, userDefinedXslFilePath) > {Void}`

Applies the XSL transformation on the XML data for view or home page.

Parameters:

Name	Type	Description
xmlData	Object	Data in XML format.
userDefinedXslFilePath	String	Relative XSL File path defined by the user.

Returns:

Type: Void

---

## Data types

This is a description of the data types used by the operations of the Web Service API. They are defined in the WSDL using an inline XSD Schema. When using an object-oriented programming language that can generate code from a WSDL document (for example Microsoft.NET or the Java Apache Axis framework), these data types are typically transferred into classes.

---

### ID

An ID is the combination of a localId and a workspaceId. Focal Point is divided into several workspaces, each with its own identifier. Objects (for example, views, elements, attributes) in each workspace have their own identifier, but it is only unique within that workspace. In order to uniquely identify an object you need both its own identifier (the localId) and the identifier of the workspace (the workspaceId) it is part of. The data type ID is these two identifiers paired together. For example there can be an element with localId 200 in workspace 2 and another element with localId 200 in workspace 3.

---

## Workspace

A Workspace contains information about a workspace in Focal Point. It has an identifier (and integer), a title (the name of the workspace) and a description.

---

## View

A View contains information about a view in Focal Point. It has an ID, a title (the name of the view) and a description.

---

## Element

The data type Element is used to represent an element in Focal Point. It consists of an ID (that uniquely identifies the element) and a list of Attributes.

---

## Attribute

An Attribute is used to maintain the attribute values for an Element. It consists of an "attributeSetupId" which is an ID that references the AttributeSetup that defines the attribute, a "value" which is an AttributeValue that contains the actual value of the attribute and a "displayValue" which is a simple string representation (if possible) of the attribute value.

The displayValue property should be regarded as a read-only property. When updating or creating an element the displayValue of an Attribute will be ignored, it is only the AttributeValue that is used.

If the value of an attribute is empty/null both the AttributeValue property and displayValue will be null.

---

## AttributeValue

AttributeValue is in itself an empty data type. Instead there are a number of data types that extend AttributeValue. In an object-oriented environment this translates to a superclass/subclass structure.

---

## CheckBoxValue

The CheckBoxValue has a Boolean property called selected that tells if the CheckBox attribute is selected or not.

---

## ChoiceValue

The ChoiceValue has an integer that identifies the selected choice. The full list of choices and their names is retrieved from AttributeSetup.

---

## DateValue

The DateValue has an `xsd:dateTime` that represents the value of the date attribute. For most date attributes in Focal Point only the date and not the time point is stored, but in the DateValue the hour and minute is included as well. In cases where they have not been set in the Focal Point server, the time point 00:00 will be returned from the Web Services.

The time point part will be ignored when setting or updating an attribute value.

---

## FloatValue

The FloatValue has an `xsd:double` that represents its value.

---

## IntegerValue

The IntegerValue has an `xsd:long` that represents its value.

---

## LinkValue

The LinkValue is represented by an ID that identifies another element in Focal Point.

---

## ListValue

The ListValue does not contain any values itself. Instead it has a list of values. It can either be a list of LinkValues or a list of TextValues

---

## MultiChoiceValue

The MultiChoiceValue has a list of integers that represents the selected choices. The full list of choices and their names is retrieved from AttributeSetup.

---

## TextValue

The TextValue contains a string with the value of the text attribute. It will be equal to `displayValue`.

Any formatting used will be ignored.

---

## UniqueIdValue

The UniqueIdValue is represented by a string.

---

## UrlValue

The UrlValue is represented by a string.



---

## VersionValue

The VersionValue is represented by a string.

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## FileValue

The FileValue contains a list of FileDataValues. The FileDataValue contains the name, content type and length of a file. Each FileDataValue also has a file number, which is an identifier for that particular file within the file attribute. Note that the actual file content is not included when reading a file attribute (for example when using GetElement or GetElements). Retrieving the file content can be done by using GetFileContent. When writing a file (and using AddElement or UpdateElement), the file content is included. If the supplied file number is found in the existing file attribute (on the server) the file is replaced with the supplied data, if the file number is not found a new file is added.

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## AttributeSetup

The AttributeSetup is the definition of an attribute. An AttributeSetup is always referred to by an Attribute. It contains an ID, a "title" (the name of the attribute), a "description", a "type" (an AttributeType) and a "mandatoryName".

The mandatoryName is a string that is used only for attributes that are mandatory (for example title, last changed by). Since it is possible to change the name for any attribute in Focal Point, mandatoryName is a name that does not change. For example the mandatoryName of the description attribute will always be "Description" even if the title has been changed to something else.

Another way to determine which attribute is the title, description, or prefix attribute is by reading the AttributeSetupInfo in a ViewInfo or ElementSet.

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## ElementSet

An ElementSet is a container of Elements and some information about the view they were retrieved from. It has a list of Elements, a list of AttributeSetups reflecting the attribute setups for the view that the elements were retrieved from and an AttributeSetupInfo.

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## AttributeType

The AttributeType data type is used by AttributeSetup to tell which type attribute values based on that attribute setup will be. AttributeSetup is an enumeration and can be any of the following values: Text, Link, Date, CheckBox, List, Choice, Float, Integer, MultiChoice, Url, UniqueId, or Version.

Example: If an AttributeSetup has the AttributeType Date any Attribute that refers to the AttributeSetup will have a DateValue value.

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## AttributeSetupInfo

The AttributeSetupInfo data type contains information about a set of AttributeSetup retrieved from a view. It contains three IDs that each point to an AttributeSetup. This is used to tell which attribute is the title, description, and prefix attribute. It is also possible to determine this by reading the mandatoryName property of an AttributeSetup (see the description of AttributeSetup).

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## ChoiceSetup

The ChoiceSetup data type is an extension of the AttributeSetup data type. It includes everything an AttributeSetup has got and adds a list of ChoiceSetupItems. The ChoiceSetup is used when the AttributeType in AttributeSetup is Choice. The ChoiceSetupItems contain information about all available choices for a choice attribute.

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## ChoiceSetupItem

The ChoiceSetupItem data type contains information about a choice for a choice attribute. It has an integer which is an identifier for this choice and a "title". The id is used to match ChoiceSetupItems and ChoiceValues.

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## ViewInfo

The ViewInfo data type contains a list of AttributeSetups and an AttributeInfo. That can be useful if you want to know which attributes that are visible in a view without first retrieving an ElementSet, for example if you want to create a new Element.

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## HistoryEntry

A HistoryEntry describes a previous change of an attribute. It consists of four parts: "username" the full name of the user who made the change, "date" the date of the change, "elementId" the ID of the element that was changed and "attribute" the changed attribute with the value it had at the time of the change.



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